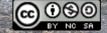
Reifying Socio-Technical and Socio-Ecological Perspectives for Systems Changes: From rearranging objects to repacing rhythms

David Ing

Creative Systemic Research Platform Institute
(Ticino, Switzerland; Mora d'Ebre, Spain; Espoo, Finland)
Systems Changes Learning Circle
(Toronto, Canada)

Socio-Technical Perspectives in Information Systems (STPIS) Jönköping, Sweden August 16, 2024



When systems changes predominate, ↓ (SES function → STS structure),

↑ (SES+STS process → behaviour)





BMW Z4 GT3 - Car Assembly HD Time Lapse by TeamWestCoatRacing (2010)

Friday Night Swing @ MUB 2017-02-03 CC-BY Gainesville Swing (2017)



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Publications

Publication Date	Publication Title	Author(s)	Form
August 2024	"Reifying Socio- Technical and Socio-Ecological Perspectives for Systems Changes: From rearranging objects to repacing rhythms" [view abstract and article]	David Ing	preprint for proceedings of The 10th International Conference on Socio- Technical Perspectives in IS (STPIS'24) ☑

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Publications

- 2024/08 Reifying Socio-Technical and Socio-Ecological Perspectives for Systems Changes
- 2024/06 Resequencing Systems Thinking, at Year 6 of 10
- 2024/05 Resequencing Systems Thinking
- 2024/04 Yinyang and Daojia into Systems Thinking through

Agenda

- A. History of STS ↔ SES
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The Socio-Psychological, Socio-Technical, and Socio-Ecological Systems perspectives were developed concurrently







Post WWII social psychology following Kurt Lewin led to three systems perspectives at the Tavistock Institute for Human Relations

[... the] socio-psychological, the socio-technical and the socio-ecological perspectives ... emerged from each other in relation to changes taking place in the wider social environment. One could not have been forecast from the others. Though **interdependent**, each has its own focus. Many of the **more complex projects require all three perspectives**. [p. 30]

Socio-Psychological Systems Perspective

... in Institute projects, the psychological forces are are directed towards the social field, whereas in the the Clinic, it is the other way around [with social forces directed toward the psychological field].

[p. 31]

Socio-Technical Systems Perspective

- ... the **best match** between the **social** and **technical systems** of an organization, since called the **principle of joint optimization**
- ... the second design principle, the redundancy of functions, as contrasted with the redundancy of parts. [p. 32]

Socio-Ecological Systems Perspective

- ... the context of the increasing levels of interdependence, complexity and uncertainty that characterize societies a the present time.
- ... new problems related to emergent values such as cooperation and nurturance. [p. 33]

Trist, Eric L., and Hugh Murray. 1997. "Historical Overview: The Foundation and Development of the Tavistock Institute to 1989." In *The Social Engagement of Social Science: The Socio-Ecological Perspective*, edited by Eric L. Trist, Frederick Edmund Emery, and Hugh Murray, 3:1–35. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press.

Into systems changes, what does causal texture mean?

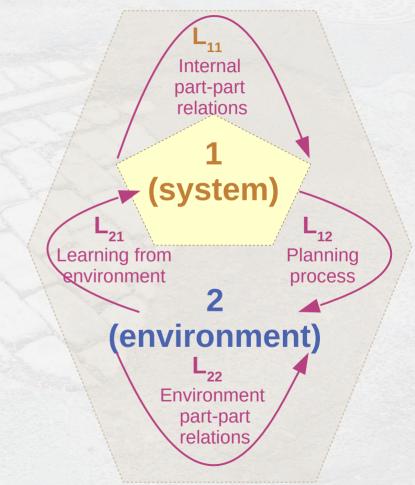
The Causal Texture of Organizational Environments¹

F. E. EMERY AND E. L. TRIST

IDENTIFICATION OF THE PROBLEM

A MAIN problem in the study of organizational change is that the environmental contexts in which organizations exist are themselves changing, at an increasing rate, and towards increasing complexity. This point, in itself, scarcely needs labouring. Nevertheless, the characteristics of organizational environments demand consideration for their own sake, if there is to be an advancement of understanding in the behavioural sciences of a great deal that is taking place under the impact of technological change, especially at the present time. This paper is offered as a brief attempt to open up some of the problems, and stems from a belief that progress will be quicker if a certain extension can be made to current thinking about systems.

Emery, Fred E., and Eric L. Trist. 1965. "The Causal Texture of Organizational Environments." Human Relations 18 (1): 21–32. https://doi.org/10.1177/001872676501800103.

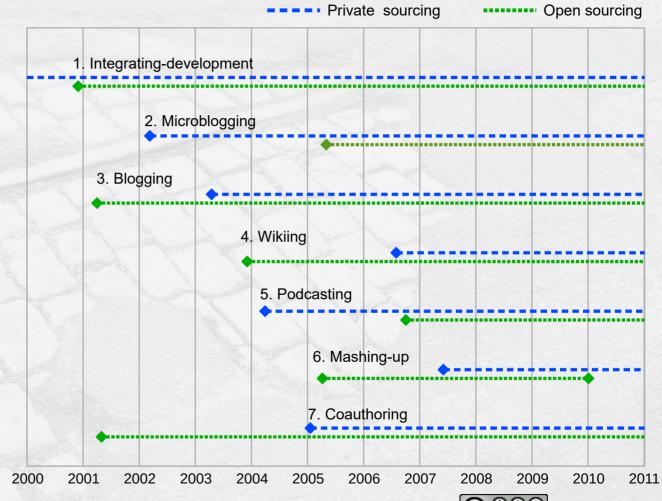


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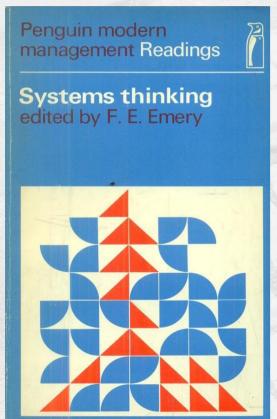


Agenda

10

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The 1969 edition of *Systems Thinking* noted the omission of Stephen C. Pepper (1942) *World Hypotheses*



Part One Precedents to Systems Theory

Only pressing problems of space precluded a selection from S. C. Pepper (1950).

This is of particular importance because the 'root metaphors' he identifies and rigorously defines are all clearly operating in different systems theorists and account for much of the mutual incomprehension that exists among them.

'Contextualism' is the root metaphor which comes closest to our bias in selecting for this volume.

References

PEPPER, S. C. (1950), World Hypotheses, University of California. [Emery (1969) p. 15]

Emery, Fred E. 1969. "Precedents to Systems Theory." In *Systems Thinking: Selected Readings*, edited by Fred E. Emery, 1st ed., 1:15. Harmondsworth: Penguin. https://archive.org/details/systemsthinkings00emerrich

C. Root Metaphor Theory ... (page 2 of 4)

A January 2022 session on metaphilosophy received encouragement



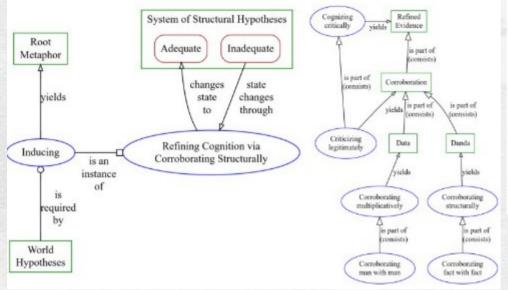
David Ing . You

Systems Evangelist; Management Consultant; Technology Executive...

1yr • 🕥

On Monday, January 9, 6:30pm ET, **#SystemsThinking** Ontario will have an online session on "Root Metaphors and World Hypotheses", see https://lnkd.in/gx4AFhRf.

The world hypothesis of contextualism is at the foundation of the Socio-Ecological Systems perspective of **#EricLTrist** and **#FredEmery**. American pragmatism influencing the systems approach.





Dr Mike C Jackson OBE • 1st

Centre for Systems Studies

Very interesting, David. And great that you are bringing Pepper and Emery/Trist back into centre of debates about systems thinking - where they belong. Thanks, also, for drawing attention to my 2020 discussion of world hypotheses.

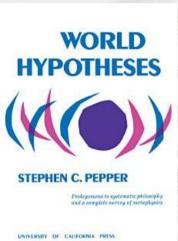
Sociotechnical thinking went through a brief 'mechanical systems' phase (Trist and Bamforth) before discovering von Bertalanffy and embracing organicism. It is also true that both Trist and Emery later claimed to have moved beyond organicism and embraced contextualism. My own view is that they did not succeed and that organicism continued to dominate in the L22 work and even in the later socio-ecological work. I recently had an exchange with Merrylyn Emery on this who, of course, says I am wrong and that her and Fred's later work is clearly contextualist. My argument, which I still adhere to, can be found in the chapter on sociotechnical thinking in my 'Critical Systems Thinking and the Management of Complexity'. It is this chapter Merrylyn objected to. She is still very active in Australia. Best wishes, Mike.

https://www.linkedin.com/feed/update/urn:li:activity:7015730114118246400?commentUrn=urn%3Ali%3Acomment%3A%28activity%3A7015730114118246400%2C7015754029347520512%29



1v ***

Pepper framed four world theories (world hypotheses) in dimensions of analytic~synthetic and dispersive~integrative



World Hypothesis	Dispersive manner for organizing evidence	Integrative manner for organizing evidence	
Analytic mode of reasoning	Formism Root metaphor: Similarity, as recurrence or recognizable features	Mechanism Root metaphor: Machine, where exerting force or energy produces predictable outcomes	
	Nature of time: Universal or irrelevant	Nature of time: Schematic time as location (linear and dimensional)	
Synthetic mode of reasoning Contextualism: Root metaphor: Situation, as a historic event in its living actuality		Organicism Root metaphor: Constructive Development, with orderliness of changes from stage to stage	
	Nature of time: Qualitative duration, event relative to a specious present	Nature of time: Directional arrow, successive integrations	

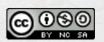
Recognizing dimensions of dispersive-integrative + analytic-synthetic, the Tavistock legacy can be reframed into world hypotheses

	Dispersive?		Integrative?	
Analytic ontology?	ntology? Ecological Systems Perspective		Technical Systems Perspective	
	1		+	
Synthetic	Socio-Ecological		Socio-Technical	
onto-	Systems	\leftrightarrow	Systems	
epistemology?	Perspective		Perspective	
	↑		1	
Analytic epistemology?	Eco-Cultural Systems Perspective		Socio-Psychological Systems Perspective	

Ing, David, and Susu Nousala. 2024. "Rethinking Work, with the Pandemic Disruption: Metatheorizing with World Hypotheses and Systems Changes." International Journal of Organizational Theory and Behavior, forthcoming.

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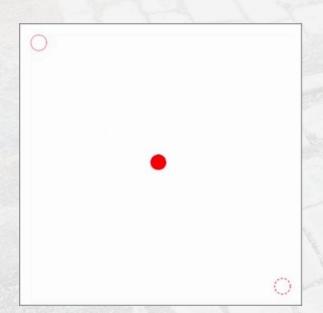
D. (Con)textural Dyadic Thinking for STS + SES ... (page 1 of 7)

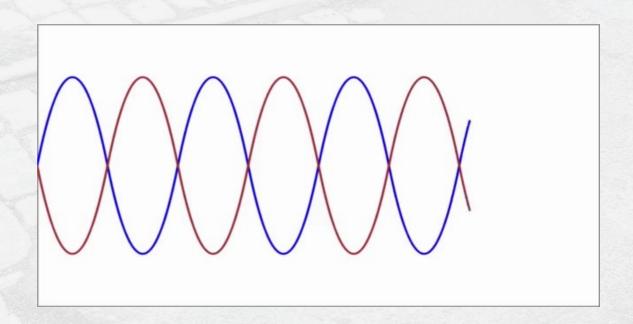
For systems changes, two synthetic world hypotheses inform (con)texturalism-dyadicism, with dispersive alongside integrative

World Hypothesis	Dispersive manner for organizing evidence	Integrative manner for organizing evidence			
Synthetic mode of reasoning	Root metaphor: Situation, as a historic event in Root metaphor: Constructive Development, w				
	Categories: Strands, texture, quality, novelty	Categories: Progression (steps), final outcome (ideal)			
	Nature of time: Qualitative duration, event relative to a specious present	Nature of time: Directional arrow , successive integrations			
Synthetic mode of reasoning	of Root metaphor: Yinyang dancing through [eight] seasons, as ((vin gi) \in 1/				
	Nature of time: Kairotic, with propitious periods and inopportune periods				
	Dispersive + integrative manner for organizing evidence				

D. (Con)textural Dyadic Thinking for STS + SES ... (page 2 of 7)

Ancient Greeks → Western science on straight lining (point-to-point); Classical Chinese → science as yinyang rhythmic complements



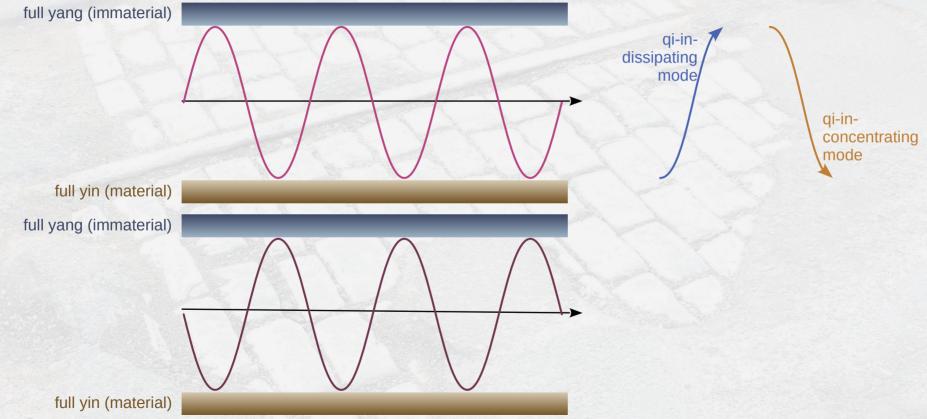


Square red dot straight line CC-BY-NC-SA David Ing 2024)

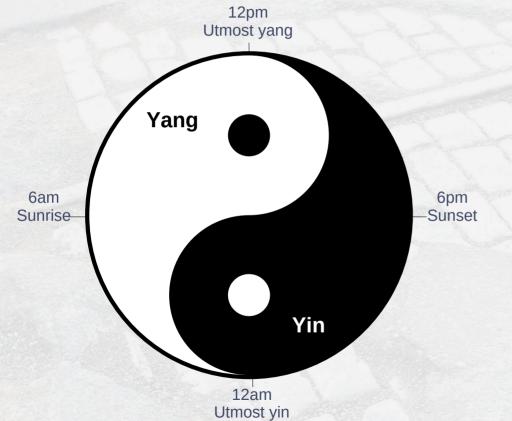
Sine Waves Blue and Brown CC-BY-NC-SA David Ing 2024

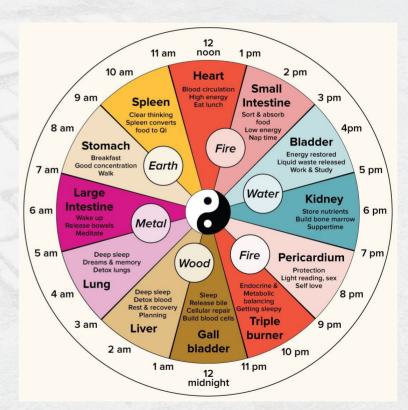


Yinyang is dyadic with qi-in-dissipating mode alongside qi-in-concentrating mode



Yang and yin correspond to processes of change of brightening and darkening, complicated by extension to more phases

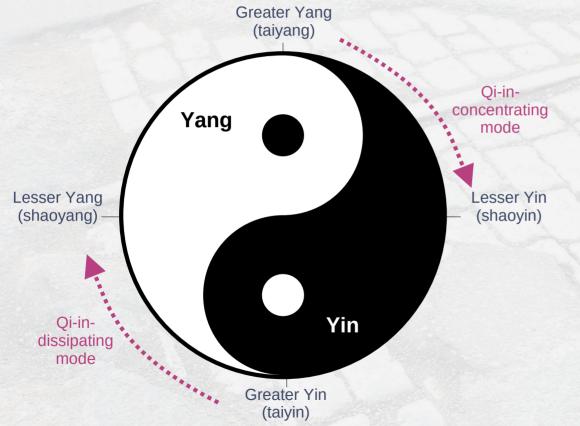


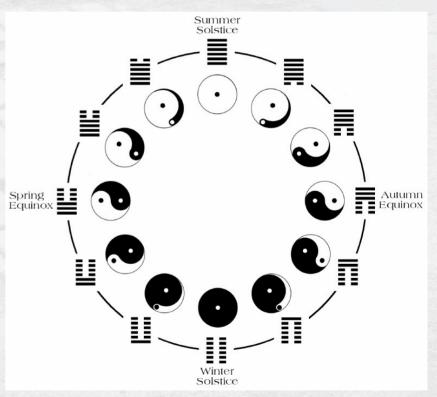


"All About the Chinese Body Clock", Healthline (2020) at https://www.healthline.com/health/chinese-body-clock

D. (Con)textural Dyadic Thinking for STS + SES ... (page 5 of 7)

Qi as "atmosphere" is both matter and not-matter, waxing with qi-in-dissipating mode; and waning with qi-in-concentrating mode



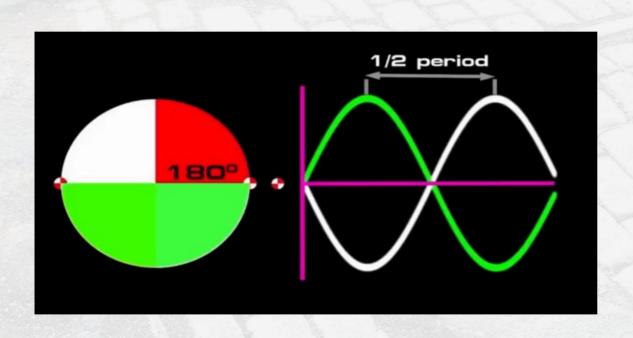


Dr Andreas Schöter (2011)
"Waxing and Waning – Yin and Yang Throughout the Year"



D. (Con)textural Dyadic Thinking for STS + SES ... (page 6 of 7)

Dyadic processes of dissipating (to greater yang) and concentrating (to greater yin) are complementary in diachrony within (implicit) contexts



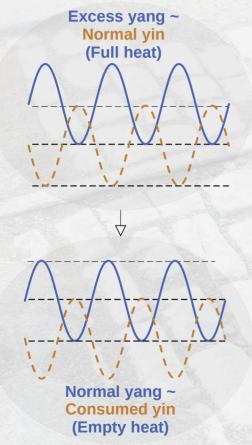
Yang Yin Illuminating Darkening Working Resting Warming Cooling Rising Descending Dissipating Materializing Scattering Congealing Generating Growing

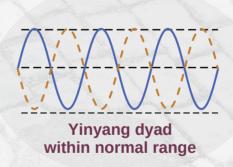
Sinusoid - Wave Form - Phase Difference CC-BY Dr. Chris Geoscience (2015)

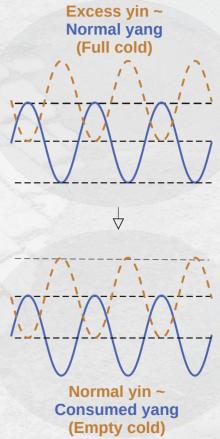
Expanding Contracting

D. (Con)textural Dyadic Thinking for STS + SES (page 7 of 7)

Pathologies, where yin and yang are not in diachrony, may be diagnosed as one of four conditions (that change during the day)









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Reifying root metaphors: ↓ rearranging objects, ↑ repacing rhythms

Reifying philosophy Reifying theory

- ↑ rhythms + anticipation

- ↓ straight-lines + jumps ↓ reduction down to one
 - ↑ threads co-responding

Reifying practice

- ↓ unfreeze-move-refreeze.
 - ↑ (con)textural dyadic rhythmic learning





E. Reifying → Implications: Philosophical, Theoretical, Practical (page 2 of 2)

Implications of systems changes: ↑ living systems, ↓ machines

Philosophical

↑ when+where;

Theoretical

↑ kairotic rhythms + dyadic diachrony + situational propensity,

↓ what+why

↓ future state ← current state

Practical

↑ doing no harm,

↓ bias for action



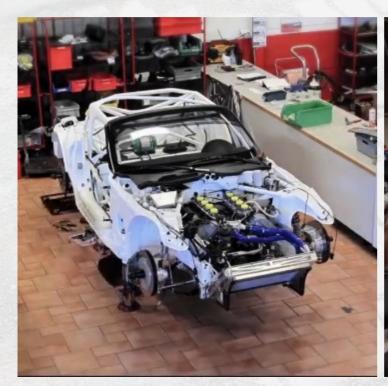




When Time Stands Still – Replacing Clock Movements by BaldGuyDIY (2020)

When systems changes predominate, ↓ (SES function → STS structure),

↑ (SES+STS process → behaviour)



BMW Z4 GT3 - Car Assembly HD Time Lapse by TeamWestCoatRacing (2010)

Friday Night Swing @ MUB 2017-02-03 CC-BY Gainesville Swing (2017)











Creative Systemic Research Platform Institute

is an institution aiming to promote research and development of non-profit projects. We focus on investigating the skills needed for Community Resilience, supported by ecological practices and systemic and creative learning.

Existing since 2017 as a non-profit research group, we evolved in December 2020 into the CSRP Institute.

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